

Introduction/Motivation

7-person team working with Purdue Athletics to provide data analytics and data visualizations for Ticketing-specific problems

Tableau	Mapping	Calendar
 Turning ticketing sales into comprehensible graphics Allows athletics to visualize historical and secondary market trends in sales 	 Restructuring code and analyzing data within sections Allows athletics to compare all the seats within a section based on key parameters 	 Web application that pulls a summary ticketing sales numbers for a given day Allows athletics to easily store and retrieve football sales files for any given day



Research Methodology

To accomplish our tasks this year, we used tools such as RStudio and Jupyter Notebook. First, we migrated the code to Brown cluster, then added dictionary, and finally modified rShiny application code.



Purdue Athletics - Ticketing

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Tableau

Problem

• Inconvenient to have to run code to keep the compiled file up-to-date when new data comes in every day.

Solution

- More for Tableau to access the most up to date data we set up a Postgres database to store all the data
- Tableau draws from that data set. Thus, always having the most up to date data.

Research Methodology

- We needed a single database for tableau to draw from so that the Tableau is always working with up to date
- It also needs to be intuitive enough for future use

Problem

• In the StubHub dataset, some columns were storing values as the wrong type while others had bad data.

Solution

Calendar Application

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- We added that code in the Python script that generates our StubHub file
- (1) eliminated the raw data that was importing incorrectly

Research Methodology

- We first researched how to fix the current dataset so the Tableau graphs were accurate
- Incorporated our fix in a Python CRON job to ensure future groups did not have to edit the things

Seating Visualization

Input:

 Calendar application accesses compiled file that is stored online, updated daily with new sales data

Output:

 User selects a past date, Application downloads sales data for that day to User's computer as a ".csv" file

Why?

 We created a calendar application to easily access ticketing data from any day. This way it would be super easy to track ticket sales over time and compare trends from the past.

How?

- We used Downloader software with Python and SQL
- The Python script would query SQL database containing an appended ".csv" file with compiled small file data

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Thank you to Brian Fordyce, Purdue Athletics, Kevin Amstutz and Maggie Betz for all their help this year

The Data Mine Corporate Partners Symposium 2022



• (2) future-proofed the work for team members after **us**



- Using the Secondary Market StubHub data, graphs were created via tableau to represent the ticket prices per game in different sections of the stadium.
- Each line represents a different game
- Each color represents a different section in the stadium.





Future Goals

- Create automated reports using Tableau to send weekly graphics and summary data directly to email
- 2. Create a map application for Mackey Arena
- 3. Compare multiple games at a time within the same application
- 4. Connect the centralized database of data to all moving components (tableau work, map application, and calendar)

Acknowledgements